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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (currently amended): A device for providing <u>dialysis solution</u> a medical fluid to a patient comprising:
 - a fluid receptacle, the fluid receptacle having a substantially hollow interior and defining an exterior surface;
 - a membrane receptacle adapted to receive dialysis solution, the membrane receptacle carried within the substantially hollow interior of the fluid receptacle;
 - at least two a plurality of capacitor plates positioned adjacent to the exterior surface of the

 fluid receptacle, the at least two capacitor plates arranged in an opposing

 manner to define a space between the plates;

a fluid receptacle positioned within the space;

- a circuit electrically connected to the <u>at least two</u>plurality of capacitor plates, the circuit

 <u>configured to produce an output signal having an output</u> indicative of a volume of
 the <u>dialysis solutionfluid</u> in the <u>membranefluid</u> receptacle; and
 a member for providing at least a portion of the <u>dialysis solution within the membrane</u>

 <u>receptaclevolume of the fluid</u> to or from a patient.
- 2. (currently amended): The device of Claim 1, wherein the <u>membrane</u> receptacle operates with a pump chamber having at least one fluid port.

- 3. (original): The device of Claim 2, wherein the capacitor plates have a shape that is substantially the same as the shape of the pump chamber.
- 4. (currently amended): The device of Claim 1, wherein the <u>membrane</u> receptacle includes at least one flexible membrane wall movable to pump medical fluid.
- 5. (currently amended): The device of Claim 1, wherein the <u>membrane</u> receptacle includes first and second flexible membrane walls, at least one of the first and second membrane walls being movable to change a volume of the receptacle.
- 6. (currently amended): The device of Claim 1, wherein the <u>membrane</u> receptacle includes a portion of a disposable dialysis fluid flow path useable with a dialysis machine.
- 7. (currently amended): The device of Claim 1, wherein at least one capacitor plate of the plurality of capacitor plates has a non-planer shape.
- 8. (currently amended): The device of Claim 1, wherein the capacitor plates have a shape at least substantially the same as the exterior surface of the fluid receptacle when the fluid receptacle is substantially full of fluid.

- 9. (original): The device of Claim 1, wherein the circuit charges the capacitor plates and measures a change in voltage from the capacitor plates over a time interval.
- 10. (original): The device of Claim 1, wherein the circuit further comprises:a ground connection to one of the capacitor plates; anda capacitance sensor circuit connected to another capacitor plate.
- 11. (original): The device of Claim 1, which includes a pair of substantially parallel capacitor plates.
- 12. (currently amended): A device for providing dialysis to a patient comprising:a plurality of capacitor plates defining a space between the plates;a <u>fluid</u> receptacle for holding a volume of dialysis fluid positioned within the space, the
 - receptacle having a flexible membrane receptacle adapted to receive the dialysis

 fluid and operable to enable a relatively low dielectric fluid to be present at

 certain times between the receptacle and the plates;
 - a circuit electrically connected to the plurality of capacitor plates, the circuit having an output indicative of the volume of dialysis fluid in the <u>fluid</u> receptacle; and a fluid line coupled to the patient to deliver at least a portion of the volume of dialysis fluid to or from the patient.

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13. (currently amended): A device for providing continuous flow peritoneal dialysis comprising:

a fluid receptacle;

- a <u>flexible</u> dialysis receptacle <u>disposed within the fluid receptacle</u>, the <u>dialysis receptacle</u> capable of being placed in fluid communication with a patient;
- first and second capacitor plates defining a space within and between which the <u>fluid</u>

 receptacle is located, the plates having a variable dielectric between the plates that
 is dependent on an amount of <u>dialysis</u>-fluid in the <u>dialysis</u> receptacle; and
 an electrical circuit connected to the capacitor plates that creates a signal that is related to
 the variable dielectric.
- 14. (currently amended): A system for measuring a volume of a fluid to be provided to or from a patient, the system comprising:
 - a fluid receptacle, the fluid receptacle carrying a flexible membrane receptacle capable of being fluidly connected to a patient;
 - receptacle is located, the plates having a variable dielectric between the plates that is dependent on an amount of a fluid in the <u>flexible membrane</u> receptacle; and
 - an electrical circuit connected to the capacitor plates that creates a signal that is related to the variable dielectric.

- 15. (currently amended): The system of Claim 14, wherein the signal is indicative of the volume of the fluid in the <u>flexible membranefluid</u> receptacle.
- 16. (original): The system of Claim 14, wherein the signal is indicative of a volume of air in the fluid receptacle.
- 17. (currently amended): The system of Claim 14, wherein the signal is indicative of a portion of fluid in the flexible membrane receptacle and a portion of air in the fluid receptacle.
- 18. (original): The system of Claim 14, wherein the fluid receptacle operates inside of a fluid pump chamber.
- 19. (original): The system of Claim 18, wherein the capacitor plates have a shape substantially the same as the fluid pump chamber.
- 20. (original): The system of Claim 14, wherein the fluid receptacle is positioned between the first and second capacitor plates.

- 21. (withdrawn): The system of Claim 14, further comprising a pump piston, wherein one of the first and second capacitor plates defines an aperture that allows a portion of the piston to extend outside the plate.
- 22. (withdrawn): The system of Claim 14, further comprising a pump piston, wherein the pump piston moves between the capacitor plates.
- 23. (currently amended): The system of Claim 14, further comprising a displacement fluid that expands and contracts the <u>flexible membrane</u> fluid receptacle to fill and empty the fluid in and out of the receptacle.
- 24. (currently amended): The system of Claim 14, which wherein the fluid receptacle includes a pump chamber wall defining a port that can apply a negative pressure to the flexible membrane receptacle and pull at least a portion of one of the membrane membranes towards the port.
- 25. (original): The system of Claim 14, which wherein the fluid receptacle includes a pair of pump chamber walls each defining a port.
- 26. (original): The system of Claim 14, wherein at least one of the first and second capacitor plates is represented by the surface of the adjacent fluid.

- 27. (currently amended): The system of Claim 14, wherein the <u>flexible membrane receptacle</u>

 <u>is part of</u> a <u>fluid receptacle further comprises a</u> disposable cassette, at least one wall of

 the cassette being a flexible membrane.
- 28. (original): The system of Claim 14, further comprising a processor that determines a volume of the fluid from the signal outputted by the electrical circuit.
- 29. (original): The system of Claim 14, further comprising a processor that determines a cumulative volume of fluid from a plurality of individual volumes of fluid in the fluid receptacle.
- 30. (original): The system of Claim 14, wherein the pair of capacitor plates have a shape substantially the same as the receptacle when the receptacle is full of fluid.
- 31. (currently amended): A system for measuring a volume of a fluid to be provided to or from a patient, the system comprising:
 - a fluid receptacle that can be placed in fluid communication with the patient;

 first and second capacitor plates positioned outside of and on opposing sides of the fluid receptacle;
 - a flexible membrane receptacle carried within the fluid receptacle, the flexible membrane in fluid communication with the patient; and

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an electrical circuit providing a voltage source that enables a signal indicative of the volume of the fluid in the receptacle to be generated.

- 32. (original): The system of Claim 31, wherein the output signal is based on at least one of: a variable dielectric between the plates, a changing surface area of one of the plates, and a changing distance between the plates.
- 33. (original): The system of Claim 31, wherein the signal is based on a varying dielectric constant between the fluid and air.
- 34. (original): The system of Claim 31, wherein the circuit charges the capacitor plates and measures a change in voltage from the capacitor plates over a time interval.
- 35. (original): The system of Claim 34, wherein the time interval is a fixed time interval.
- 36. (currently amended): A medical fluid delivery system, comprising:
 - a fluid flow path including a patient connection;
 - a <u>membrane fluid</u>-receptacle positioned inside a chamber, the <u>membrane</u> receptacle so constructed and arranged to be in fluid communication with the fluid flow path; and
 - a capacitance sensor positioned on opposing sides of an outer surface of the chamber and capable of accounting for an amount of a relatively low dielectric fluid existing

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between the <u>membrane</u> receptacle and the chamber to indicate a volume of fluid in the receptacle.

- 37. (previously presented): The system of Claim 36, wherein the chamber is a pump chamber.
- 38. (original): The system of Claim 37, wherein the capacitance sensor further comprises first and second capacitor plates at opposite sides of the pump chamber.
- 39. (original): The system of Claim 38, wherein the capacitor plates have a shape substantially the same as part of the pump chamber.
- 40. (original): The system of Claim 36, wherein the capacitance sensor further comprises first and second capacitor plates positioned at opposite sides of the fluid receptacle.
- 41. (original): The system of Claim 36, wherein the capacitance sensor includes at least one capacitor plate having a non-planer shape.
- 42. (currently amended): The system of Claim 36, wherein the <u>fluid-membrane</u> receptacle is part of a disposable set.

- 43. (original): The system of Claim 36, wherein the capacitance sensor comprises first and second capacitor plates and an electrical circuit connected to the plates.
- 44. (original): The system of Claim 36, wherein the pair of capacitor plates have a shape substantially the same as the fluid receptacle when the fluid receptacle is substantially full of fluid.
- 45. (original): The system of Claim 36, wherein the medical fluid delivery system is a dialysis system.
- 46. (original): The system of Claim 45, wherein the dialysis system is a continuous flow peritoneal dialysis system.
- 47. (currently amended): A dialysis system, comprising:
 - a fluid flow mechanism <u>having a flexible membrane receptacle arranged to</u>
 <u>conveyexpable of conveying</u> a fluid during a dialysis treatment; and
 - a fluid volume capacitance sensor having first and second capacitor plates each positioned and arranged on an opposing side of the fluid flow mechanism to measure a volume of the fluid conveyed by the flexible membrane receptacle during the dialysis treatment.

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- 48. (original): The dialysis system of Claim 47, wherein the fluid flow mechanism is a continuous flow mechanism capable of performing continuous flow dialysis.
- 49. (original): The dialysis system of Claim 47, wherein the fluid flow mechanism is fluidly connected to a peritoneal dialysis catheter.
- 50. (original): The dialysis system of Claim 47, wherein the fluid flow mechanism is fluidly connected to a plurality of peritoneal access lumens.
- 51. (currently amended): A method of measuring a volume of a medical fluid pumped by a fluid pump, comprising the steps of:
 - sensing a first state of a <u>medical</u> fluid receptacle located within a space defined between <u>a</u>

 <u>pair of capacitor plates when a flexible membrane receptacle within</u> the medical

 fluid receptacle is substantially empty of fluid so that a relatively low dielectric

 fluid exists between the plates and the receptacle;

providing the medical fluid to the <u>flexible membrane</u> fluid-receptacle;

sensing a second state of the fluid receptacle with the capacitor plates when the <u>flexible</u>

membranefluid receptacle is substantially full of medical fluid; and

determining a volume of the medical fluid in the fluid receptacle based on the first and second states sensed by the capacitor plates.

- 52. (currently amended): The method of Claim 51 further comprising the steps of:

 substantially emptying the <u>flexible membrane</u> fluid receptacle of fluid; and

 providing additional medical fluid to the <u>flexible membrane</u> receptacle, sensing another second state, and determining another volume of the medical fluid.
- 53. (currently amended): The method of Claim 51, which includes continuously sensing the state of the <u>fluid receptacle flexible membrane receptacle</u> as the fluid enters the <u>fluid</u> receptacle.
- 54. (currently amended): The method of Claim 51, which includes determining a total volume of fluid from a plurality of volumes of medical fluid provided to the <u>flexible</u> membrane receptacle.
- 55. (original): The method of Claim 51, which includes knowing a total amount of medical fluid needed by a patient and stopping the provision of the medical fluid when the total amount has been provided.
- 56. (original): The method of Claim 51, which includes determining a volume of air in the fluid receptacle based on the first and second states sensed by the capacitor plates.

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57. (currently amended): A method of providing dialysis to a patient, comprising the steps of:

measuring a volume of dialysis fluid having a sequentially changing inverse relationship with a relatively low dielectric fluid, the dialysis fluid located within a receptacle, the receptacle positioned within a space defined by first and second plates of a capacitance sensor; and

passing pumping a portion of the volume of the dialysis fluid into a portion of a patient using a flexible membrane supported within the receptacle.

- 58. (original): The method of Claim 57, wherein the portion includes a peritoneal cavity of the patient.
- 59. (original): The method of Claim 57, wherein the measuring step further comprises measuring the volume of dialysis fluid in a pump chamber.

Claims 60 to 72 (canceled)